
User instructions

boso ABI-system 100

and

boso ABI-system 100 PWV

the powerful system for the early detection of PAD and
the determination of the pulse wave velocity (optional)



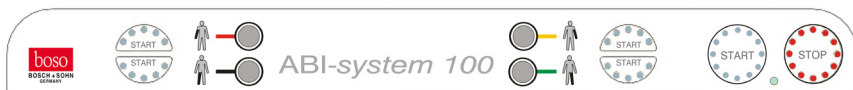
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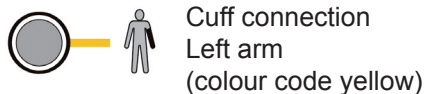
Contents of package

- 1 boso ABI-system 100 / boso ABI-system 100 PWV
- 2 CA04 upper arm cuffs
- 2 CL04 ankle cuffs
- 1 boso profil-manager XD
- 1 USB cable 3,0 m
- 1 boso power supply unit art. no.: 410-7-154
- 1 Warranty certificate
- 1 User instructions boso ABI-system 100 / boso ABI-system 100 PWV
- 1 User instructions boso profil-manager XD

1. Explanation of symbols and operating controls



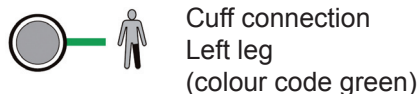
Cuff connection
Right arm
(colour code red)



Cuff connection
Left arm
(colour code yellow)



Cuff connection
Right leg
(colour code black)



Cuff connection
Left leg
(colour code green)



START key

Press this key to start a measurement manually.
All 4 cuffs will be inflated.



STOP key

Press this key to cancel an ABI measurement manually. All 4 cuffs will be deflated and the display switched off.



Key for starting a single measurement

These keys enable the user to start individual measurements of the limbs.



Power on indicator

The green light is illuminated when power is supplied to the device.



To disconnect the instrument from the mains voltage, unplug the AC-adaptor from the wall socket.

2. Explanation of icons



Read the user instructions



Protection class II device



Degree of protection against electric shock: type BF



USB 2.0 connection



The CE mark documents compliance with the Medical Devices Directive 93/42/EEC,
Notified body: DEKRA, 0124



Year of manufacture



Manufacturer



Potential equalisation



Do not dispose of this device in the domestic waste.
For further information see page 15.

3. Preliminary remarks

Your bosso ABI-system 100 is an innovation on the market of blood pressure measurement technology. It provides a simple way of determining the ankle-brachial index (ABI) and optional pulse wave velocity (PWV). The pressure variations (oscillations) caused by pulse waves and transmitted by the cuffs are stored and evaluated by microprocessors. The great advantage of this type of measurement is that there is no need for a microphone or amplifier which must be positioned exactly if accurate results are to be obtained.

This system complies with the European directives on which the German Medical Devices Act (CE mark: CE0124) is based and with European Standard EN 1060, Part 1: "Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - General requirements" and Part 3: "Supplementary requirements for electro-mechanical blood pressure measuring systems".

Calibration checks - every 2 years at the latest - can be performed either by the manufacturer, or the trade measurement authorities, or persons who fulfil the requirements of the legislation governing the operation of medical devices (German Medical Devices Operator Ordinance section 6). Instructions for calibration checks can be found on page 14 of these user instructions.

Medical electrical apparatuses are subject to specific precautions as regards electro-magnetic compatibility and must therefore be installed and operated according to the EMC instructions given on page 15.

4. Important information



- The same exclusion criteria apply for oscillometric ABI measurements as for Doppler measurements.
- Cardiac arrhythmias can interfere with the accuracy of a measurement and produce incorrect readings. Interference can also occur in wearers of pacemakers if they have a weak pulse. The blood pressure monitor will have no effect on the pacemaker, however.
- The device is suitable for patients of all ages, whose upper arm circumferences are between 22 and 48 cm and ankle circumferences are between 18 and 38 cm.
- The device is not suitable for newborn babies.
- Do not use the apparatus in patients with severe heart failure.
- Do not use the apparatus unattended in unconscious, helpless or unresponsive persons.
- Do not place the cuffs over open wounds, implanted stents or lymphoedema.
- Allow an interval of at least 2 minutes between 2 consecutive measurements.
- Make sure that the tubes are not kinked during the measurement. A congestion

could lead to injuries.

- During measurement the flow of blood must not be stopped any longer than necessary (> 2 minutes). In case of a malfunction of the device, take off the cuffs from the arms and legs.
- Too many measurements may lead to impairment of blood flow and thus to injuries.
- The cuff should not be applied on wounds, as this may cause further injuries.
- Make sure the cuff is not applied to an arm or leg which arteries or veins are or have been under medical treatment (e.g. shunt).
- Women with mastectomy should not have a cuff on the arm at the side where the breast has been amputated.
- During the measurement, a malfunction may occur in other medical devices which are applied simultaneously on the same arm.
- Operating the device in the vicinity of strong electromagnetic fields (e.g. radiation devices, mobile phones) can cause it to malfunction (see page 15).
- The computer used for the analysis must meet the requirements of EN 60601-1.
- If the instrument is to be sold, ensure that these user instructions are enclosed.

5. Ankle-Brachial Index (ABI)

To determine the ABI value, the systolic blood pressure values of the arms and legs must be measured. Blood pressure measurement values are given in mmHg (mm of mercury).

The ABI is calculated as a quotient of the systolic pressure of the leg measurement (the mean pressure of the posterior and anterior tibial arteries) and the higher systolic pressure of the arm measurements.

6. Pulse wave velocity (PWV) (optional)

The pulse wave velocity is calculated using the pulse transit time between upper arm and ankle, and body size. The measured values are given in m / s (meters per second).

7. Turning the device on

The mains connection socket is located at the rear of the device.

Use only the bosco power supply unit (order no. 410-7-154), as it produces a rectified output of the correct polarity. Other commercially available power supply units can cause damage to the electronic components, which will invalidate the warranty.

To establish the potential equalization connect an appropriate wire to the relevant potential compensation of the unit. Furthermore the requirements of EN 60601-1:2006 apply for potential compensation.



The bonding conductor shall not be used as a protective conductor connection.

8. Installation and operation of the software of the ABI-system 100 see user instruction / installation guide of bosco profil-manager XD

9. Preparing for an ABI / PWV (optional) measurement



The measurement must be performed with the patient supine to ensure comparable blood pressure conditions in arms and legs. The legs must not be crossed.

The patient should rest for about 5 minutes before a measurement is taken.

Attaching the cuff

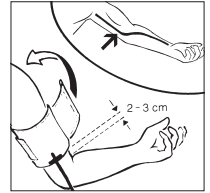


The device should only be used with original bosco CA04 or CL04 cuffs

Type	Circumference	Order no.
Upper arm cuff CA04	22 - 42 cm	143-4-768
Upper arm cuff CA02	32 - 48 cm	143-4-771
Ankle cuff CL04	18 - 38 cm	143-4-769

The cuffs are colour-coded. Attach the individual cuffs to both upper arms and both ankles according to their colour coding (matching the symbols next to the air connection sockets on the apparatus).

Attach the upper arm cuffs so that the lower edge of the cuff is about 2-3 cm above the elbow joint.



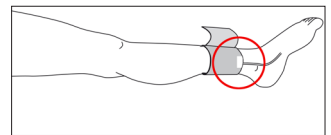
The cuff should be positioned in such a way that the marking is over the brachial artery.



Never place the metal ring over arteries, as this may produce an incorrect reading.

Attach the ankle cuffs so that the lower edge of the cuff is about 1-2 cm above the ankle joint.

The cuff should be positioned in such a way that the white marking is over the posterior tibial artery.



Ensure that the cuff fits tightly at the ankle.



Assignment of cuffs to limbs.

Check that the cuffs are correctly assigned to the individual limbs by individual measurements of the right or left arm and right or left leg.

10. Taking an ABI / PWV (optional) measurement



A measurement can be cancelled at any time by clicking on the "Cancel measurement" button in the software or pressing the STOP key on the apparatus; all the cuffs deflate automatically. Alternatively, the cuffs can be removed from the limbs at any time. Select "Start new measurement" in the "Measurements" tab or press the START button on the apparatus. The ABI-system 100 starts the ABI measurement after a short calibration process (about 3 seconds).

The apparatus has an intelligent automatic inflation system to ensure comfortable inflation to the correct cuff pressure. When the correct inflation pressure has been reached, the pump will switch off and the cuffs will deflate automatically.

At this point (if not before) the patient must keep all four limbs completely still and may not talk.

(optional)

Select "ABI + PWV measurement" in the registry "data" or press the START button on the unit. The ABI-system 100 starts the ABI measurement after a short calibration procedure (about 3 seconds). Upon completion of the ABI measurement and another break (about 10 seconds) the PWV measurement is started.

After the measurement the valves are opened automatically to allow rapid deflation of the cuffs. The measured values are displayed in the profilmanager XD.

Individual comments can be added for each ABI measurement via the "Remarks..." button. Templates can be defined and stored for later usage.

The screenshot shows the 'boso profilmanager XD' application window. At the top, patient information is displayed: Name: Mayer, Forename: Franz, Patient no.: 10, Birthdate: 04.11.1970. The title bar indicates 'ABI/PWV measurement' and the 'boso' logo is in the top right corner.

The interface is divided into several sections:

- Patient Information:** Name: Mayer, Forename: Franz, Patient no.: 10, Birthdate: 04.11.1970.
- Measurements:**
 - Right arm:** Sys 118 mmHg, Dia 86 mmHg, PP 32 mmHg, Pul 79 1/min, Arr No.
 - Left arm:** Sys 117 mmHg, Dia 87 mmHg, PP 30 mmHg, Pul 79 1/min, Arr No.
 - Diff Arm:** 1 mmHg.
 - Right leg:** Sys 118 mmHg.
 - Left leg:** Sys 118 mmHg.
 - Diff Leg:** 0 mmHg.
- ABI/PWV measurement:**
 - ABI right:** 1,00
 - ABI left:** 1,00
- Prior to measurement:**
 - * Patient should rest for 5 minutes
 - During the measurement:**
 - * Patient should lie as flat as possible
 - * Patient must not speak
 - * Patient must not move
- Buttons:** Delete ..., Export GDT, Remarks ..., Print ..., Save measurement (highlighted with a green box), Cancel measurement (highlighted with a red box).
- Status Bar:** Version 4.1.0.122, User: sysdba, Server: localhost, Pattern: 41, DB: D:\Daten\Datenbanken\PROFILMANAGERXD.FC...

Saving an ABI / PWV (optional) measurement

To save an ABI measurement, select "Save measurement".



The measurement must be repeated if the results are obviously wrong. Blood pressure is a dynamic parameter and can be influenced by various effects:

- movement before or during the measurement
- physical condition (stress, illness ...)

Repeating an ABI / PWV (optional) measurement

Allow an interval or at least 2 minutes between successive measurements.

To repeat an ABI measurement select "ABI measurement" or "ABI + PWV measurement".

To take a measurement on one limb only, press the START key next to the corresponding symbol.

When determining the ABI it is recommended to perform all measurements at the same time.

If no further measurement is required, remove the cuffs from the limbs.

11. Cleaning the apparatus and cuff

Please use only a soft, dry cloth to clean the device.
Small stains on the cuff can be carefully removed with a damp cloth.

12. Disinfecting the apparatus

We recommend Antifect® Liquid disinfectant (Schülke&Mayr) to wipe the apparatus and cuffs for disinfection.

13. Warranty and customer service

For details of the warranty conditions, please consult the warranty certificate supplied.

A claim under warranty will only be accepted if the warranty certificate, completed and stamped by the dealer, is returned with the device.

For warranty and repair work, please send the device, carefully packaged and with sufficient postage, to your authorised dealer or directly to:



BOSCH + SOHN GmbH u. Co. KG
Bahnhofstraße 64
D-72417 Jungingen



Maintenance on this device must be done by trained and authorized personnel only. The instrument must not be modified without permission of the manufacturer.

14. Technical data

Measurement principle:	oscillometric
Measurement range:	60 to 240 mmHg
Cuff pressure:	0 to 300 mmHg
Maximum deviation of cuff pressure measurement:	± 3 mmHg (max. difference right/left ± 2 mmHg)
Measurement range puls:	30 to 190 puls/min.

Maximum deviation of puls measurement:	$\pm 5 \%$
Maximum deviation of PWV measurement:	$\pm 5 \%$
Operating conditions:	Environmental temperature +10 to +40°C Relative humidity 30 to 85%
Transport and storage conditions:	Environmental temperature -10 to +60°C Relative humidity 30 to 85%
Power supply:	DC 5 V power supply unit, 2.7 A, AC 100-240 V, 50-60 Hz, order no.: 410-7-154
Weight:	3.7 kg without power supply unit
Dimensions (W x H x D):	460 mm x 83 mm x 290 mm
Classification:	Protection class II (Symbol ) Type BF (Symbol : )
Clinical test (DIN 58130):	accuracy complies with the requirements of EN 1060 part 3
Subject to technical modifications.	

15. Instructions for disposal

This apparatus falls within the scope of EC Directive 2002/96/EC (WEEE). It is not registered for use in private households and disposal via communal collection sites for obsolete electrical apparatus is prohibited. Bosch + Sohn has commissioned a company to dispose of the apparatus safely and legally. Please refer to the address mentioned at the end of these user instructions for further information.

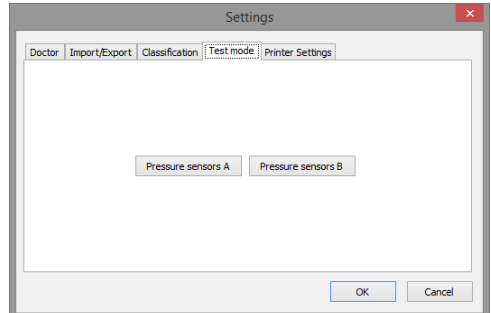
16. Calibration checks – Testing instructions

Function testing

Function testing of the device can only be carried out on a person or with a suitable simulator.

Testing of pressure circuit integrity and deviation of pressure display

- 1.) Use the "Pressure sensors A" or "Pressure sensors B" button in sub-registry "Test mode" to start the test mode.



- 2.) After a short calibration process the apparatus will be in test mode. The current pressure will be displayed in the corresponding boso profil-manager XD fields.
- 3.) Perform the usual test for deviation of pressure display and pressure circuit integrity (allow a set-up time of at least 30 seconds for the cuff). Maximum difference of the pressure right - left ± 2 mmHg.
- 4.) Run the test for all 4 limbs.
- 5.) Exit test by pressing the "Finish test" button.



The activation of the "pressure sensors B" is only possible for devices with a serial number upper 466 20000.

Safety seal

As a safeguard, the upper and lower parts of the housing can be joined with a safety seal. The unauthorized destruction of the hedging mark voids the warranty.

(optional)

The testing of the "PWV"-function requires specialized simulators and must be done by the manufacturer.

17. EMC notes for bosso ABI-system 100


Medical Electrical Equipment needs special precautions regarding EMC and needs to be installed and put into service according to the EMC information provided in the following.

Portable and mobile RF communication equipment (e.g. cell phones) can affect Medical Electrical Equipment.

The use of accessories and cables other than those specified (other than bosso original parts) may result in increased emissions or decreased immunity of the unit.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions		
The bosso unit is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the bosso unit should assure that it is used in such an environment.		
Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The bosso unit uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The bosso unit is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage fluctuations/flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Complies	

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity			
The bosso unit is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the bosso unit should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air	± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	± 1 kV differential mode ±2 kV common mode	± 1 kV differential mode ±2 kV common mode	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	< 5% U_T (> 95% dip in U_T) for 0,5 cycle 40% U_T (60% dip in U_T) for 5 cycles 70% U_T (30% dip in U_T) for 25 cycles < 5% U_T (> 95% dip in U_T) for 5 s	< 5% U_T (> 95% dip in U_T) for 0,5 cycle 40% U_T (60% dip in U_T) for 5 cycles 70% U_T (30% dip in U_T) for 25 cycles < 5% U_T (> 95% dip in U_T) for 5 s	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the bosso unit requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the bosso unit has to be powered from a uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	3 A/m	
NOTE : U_T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.			

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity			
The boso unit is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the boso unit should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
			<p>Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any party of the boso unit, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.</p> <p>Recommended separation distance:</p>
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 V _{rms} 150 kHz to 80 MHz	3 V _{rms}	$d = 1,2\sqrt{P}$
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2,5 GHz	3 V/m	<p>$d = 1,2\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800 MHz</p> <p>$d = 2,3\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2,5 GHz</p> <p>where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m).</p> <p>Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, ^a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range.^a</p> <p>Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol: </p>
<p>NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.</p> <p>NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.</p>			
<p>^a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the boso unit is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the boso unit should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the boso unit.</p> <p>^b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.</p>			

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the boso unit			
The boso unit is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the boso unit can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the boso unit as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.			
Rated maximum output power of transmitter W	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter m		
	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = 1,2\sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = 1,2\sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2,5 GHz $d = 2,3\sqrt{P}$
0,01	0,12	0,12	0,23
0,1	0,38	0,38	0,73
1	1,2	1,2	2,3
10	3,8	3,8	7,3
100	12	12	23
For transmitter rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in metres (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.			
NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.			
NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			

Your notes:

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